TOLEDO NORTHWESTERN OHIO FOOD BANK, INC.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees
Toledo Northwestern Ohio Food Bank, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Toledo Northwestern Ohio Food Bank, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Toledo Northwestern Ohio Food Bank, Inc. as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its net assets, functional expenses and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we also issued our report dated January 24, 2022, on our consideration of Toledo Northwestern Ohio Food Bank, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreement and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the Organizations' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Toledo Northwestern Ohio Food Bank, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Demarco & associates CPAS, LLC

Perrysburg, Ohio January 24, 2022

TOLEDO NORTHWESTERN OHIO FOOD BANK, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2019 and 2018

ASSETS

	No. of the same	2019		2018
Current assets			80 m	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,908,067	\$	1,951,073
Accounts receivable		19,649		37,837
Inventory - food		1,600,664		1,277,925
Prepaid mailing list		155,055		143,742
Prepaid - other		5,561		=
Total current assets		3,688,996		3,410,577
Property and equipment - net		1,131,439		803,745
Other assets				
Investments		2,564,117		1,713,496
Deposits		538		538
Loan receivable		13,500		264,450
Gift cards		3,000		2,720
Total other assets	8-	2,581,155	_	1,981,204
Total assets	\$	7,401,590	\$ =	6,195,526
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	139,181	\$	110 620
Grants payable	Ф	(4,490)	Ф	119,629
Total current liabilities	9.	134,691	: -	(403) 119,226
Net assets				
Without donor restrictions				
Undesignated		7,192,168		5,996,233
With donor restrictions		74,731		80,067
Total net assets		7,266,899	i. ,-	6,076,300
	8	,,	_	5,5.5,500
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	7,401,590	\$ =	6,195,526

TOLEDO NORTHWESTERN OHIO FOOD BANK, INC. STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	2019				
	_	Without Donor		With Donor	
		Restrictions	n n	Restrictions	Totals
Support and revenue					
Donated food and goods	\$	11,749,750	\$	- \$	11,749,750
Shared maintenance fees		263,755		CORP. 194. SPECIALISM	263,755
Contributions and grants		1,910,661		24,321	1,934,982
Special events		68,997		=	68,997
Gain on sale of property and equipment		<u>~</u>		-	-
Investment income		423,838		E	423,838
Net assets released from restrictions	_	29,657		(29,657)	
Total support and revenue		14,446,658		(5,336)	14,441,322
Expenses					
Food program		12,679,949		-	12,679,949
Management and general		251,023			251,023
Fundraising		319,752		-	319,752
	-				
Total expenses	-	13,250,723			13,250,723
Change in net assets		1,195,935		(5,336)	1,190,599
Net assets - beginning of year		5,996,233		80,067	6,076,300
Net assets - end of year	\$	7,192,168	\$	74,731 \$	7,266,899

	_	2018				
		Without Donor		With Donor		
	_	Restrictions	_	Restrictions	_	Totals
Support and revenue						
Donated food and goods	\$	11,827,291	\$	_	\$	11,827,291
Shared maintenance fees		271,881		_	Ψ.	271,881
Contributions and grants		1,389,655		261,633		1,651,288
Special events		63,010				63,010
Gain on sale of property and equipment		3,537				3,537
Investment loss		(175, 162)		(-)		(175, 162)
Net assets released from restrictions		258,487		(258,487)		-
Total assessed and assessed	0,-	12 (20 (00		2115		
Total support and revenue		13,638,699		3,146		13,641,845
Expenses						
Food program		13,229,361		_		13,229,361
Management and general		277,553		=		277,553
Fundraising	7 4	248,952	_			248,952
					-	
Total expenses	-	13,755,866	_		_	13,755,866
Change in net assets		(117,167)		3,146		(114,021)
<u> </u>		(117,137)		5,110		(114,021)
Net assets - beginning of year		6,113,400		76,921		6,190,321
Net assets - end of year	\$_	5,996,233	\$ _	80,067	\$	6,076,300

TOLEDO NORTHWESTERN OHIO FOOD BANK, INC. STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

	_	Food Program Services	Management and General	_	Fundraising	_	2019 Totals
Food	\$	11,471,318	\$ =	\$	-	\$	11,471,318
Salaries		417,571			23,836		441,407
Payroll taxes and employee benefits		60,757	2 		2,125		62,882
Management fees		322,343	95,636		20,660		438,639
Utilities		49,325	-		-		49,325
Depreciation		149,619	Œ		-		149,619
Repairs and maintenance		59,690	12,698		-		72,388
Insurance		28,105	2,795		-		30,900
Real estate taxes		4,645	-		=		4,645
Rent		26,400	-		-		26,400
Fuel		49,742	-0				49,742
Freight		25,049	= 0.		=		25,049
Licenses and taxes		2,984	-		-		2,984
Mileage		5,450			-		5,450
Grants to others		4,384	= 8		-		4,384
Office supplies			20,591		<u>-</u>		20,591
Dues and subscriptions		70 	13,361		=		13,361
Printing and postage		:: -	34,374		2.00		34,374
Professional fees		-	25,934		138,205		164,139
Outside services			5,116		22		5,116
Training and education		- (3,425		-		3,425
Waste collection			3,336				3,336
Advertising		=	4,774		71,009		75,783
Bank service charges		- 1	5,436		-		5,436
Miscellaneous		=:	5,508		£.		5,508
Board volunteer expense		=	4,854				4,854
Retirement		=	13,185		-		13,185
Credit card fees		2,567	=		.=		2,567
Special events expense		-			63,916	_	63,916
Total expenses	\$_	12,679,949	\$ 251,023	\$	319,752	\$_	13,250,723

		Food Program		Management and				2018
	-	Services	-	General		Fundraising		Totals
Food	\$	12 005 240	d)		Ф		Ф	10 005 040
Salaries	Ф	12,085,348 390,605	\$	-	\$	22 207	\$	12,085,348
Payroll taxes and employee benefits		75,558				22,297 2,643		412,902
Management fees		234,624		95,636		16,324		78,201
Utilities Utilities		45,122		95,050		10,324		346,584 45,122
Depreciation		144,597		-				144,597
Repairs and maintenance		89,752		12,698				102,450
Insurance		28,239		2,795				31,034
Real estate taxes		2,382		2,773				2,382
Rent		27,493		_		_		27,493
Fuel		58,424		_		20		58,424
Freight		22,251		_		_		22,251
Licenses and taxes		3,114		-		-		3,114
Mileage		6,877		-		_		6,877
Grants to others		12,217		-		_		12,217
Office supplies		-		19,190		-		19,190
Dues and subscriptions				16,220		_		16,220
Printing and postage		:-		48,566		_		48,566
Professional fees		-		21,326		113,651		134,977
Outside services		-		6,214		-		6,214
Training and education		1-		3,993		1-		3,993
Waste collection		9 2)		14,589		Œ		14,589
Advertising		=		6,613		41,461		48,074
Bank service charges		=		7,555		2. =		7,555
Miscellaneous		-		4,781		-		4,781
Board volunteer expense		-		3,084				3,084
Retirement		-		14,293		-		14,293
Credit card fees		2,758				8 <u>=</u>		2,758
Special events expense	-	<u> </u>	_	-	_	52,576	_	52,576
Total expenses	\$_	13,229,361	\$_	277,553	\$_	248,952	\$_	13,755,866

TOLEDO NORTHWESTERN OHIO FOOD BANK, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		2019		2018
			(4)	
Cash flows from operating activities			10000	
Change in net assets	\$	1,190,599	\$	(114,021)
Adjustments to reconcile change in				
net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Unrealized and realized (gain) loss on investments		(334,426)		186,900
Depreciation		149,619		144,597
Gain on disposal of assets				(3,537)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		18,188		(62,987)
Inventory		(322,739)		258,220
Prepaid and other assets		(17,154)		(20,801)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		19,552		79,038
Grants payable		(4,087)		(1,998)
Net cash provided by operating activities		699,552		465,411
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchases of property and equipment		(226,363)		(212,196)
Purchases of investments		(1,724,111)		(5,161)
Proceeds on sale of property and equipment		-		39,500
Proceeds on sale of investments		1,207,916		27,568
Net cash used in investing activities		(742,558)		(150,289)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(43,006)		315,122
1		, , ,		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,951,073		1,635,951
Cash and cash equivalence at organized by the	8			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,908,067	\$	1,951,073
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash operating and investing activities				
Purchase of building		(271,512)		_
Loan receivable received through purchase of building		271,512		_
Loan receivable received infough purchase of building		211,012		

Note A – Significant accounting policies

Nature of operations

Toledo Northwestern Ohio Food Bank, Inc. (the Food Bank) is a nonprofit organization established to feed the hungry of Northwest Ohio by soliciting surplus food from local grocery suppliers, manufacturers and other producers in the Feeding America network and distributing these donations to qualified community charities with feeding programs for the needy. The Food Bank is a member of the Feeding America network, which provides certain performance guidelines and procedures. These guidelines and procedures facilitate program management, control, and comparability.

Basis of presentation

The financial statements of the Food Bank have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues and expenses are identified with specific periods of time and are recorded as incurred, along with acquired assets, without regard to the date of receipt or the payment of cash.

Use of estimates in the preparation of financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates,

Cash and cash equivalents

The Food Bank considers all highly liquid investments purchased including certificates of deposits with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and/or cash equivalents and are deemed to approximate fair value. Cash balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. While the Food Bank's cash balances do at times exceed federally insured limits, the Food Bank feels it is not exposed to any significant risk.

Accounts receivable

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, all accounts receivable were deemed collectible by management of the Food Bank; therefore, there was no allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management uses the direct write-off method to account for uncollectible receivables. Amounts are written off to bad debt expense at the time they are determined by management to be uncollectible.

Investments

The Food Bank's investments and certain cash equivalents are held by a national investment banking and financial services company and managed by an investment advisor in accordance with the terms of an investment advisor agreement.

Investments are recorded at fair market value as determined by quoted market prices of securities held. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments based upon the quoted market values at December 31, 2019 and 2018 are recorded as an increase or decrease in net assets.

Note A – Significant accounting policies (continued)

Inventory

Food donated to the Food Bank is capitalized as inventory and recorded at estimated values of \$1.74 and \$1.62 per pound for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The estimated values are based on the annual Feeding America's Product Valuation Summary of the average wholesale market price. In addition to donated food, the Food Bank also maintains an inventory of purchased food which is recorded at cost. Upon distribution, the food is recorded as a decrease in inventory and an expense under food.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at historical cost, or if donated, at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Property and equipment purchased or donated with a value in excess of \$500 is capitalized. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets by application of the straight-line method.

Revenue recognition

Contributions of cash are recorded as public support when received. All contributions and revenue are available for unrestricted use unless specified by the donor. Contributions of food that will be resold by the Food Bank are capitalized as inventory and recorded as an unrestricted contribution. Revenue is also recorded as shared maintenance fees when the donated food is sold.

Functional allocation of expenses

The costs of providing the various programs have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and in the statement of functional expenses. Expenses are allocated to program services, management and general and fundraising on the following basis:

- Management and general expenses are allocated on the basis of periodic time and expense studies.
- Personnel expenses are allocated on the basis of direct salaries.
- Building and occupancy costs are allocated on the basis of square footage.
- Deprecation is allocated on the basis of usage of the building, furniture and equipment.

Advertising

Advertising is charged to operations when incurred. Advertising expense for December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$75,783 and \$48,074, respectively.

The Food Bank has capitalized the acquisition cost of mailing lists purchased from a professional fundraiser. Management believes these lists have a useful life of three years. The costs of the mailing lists were \$84,194 and \$39,975 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Note A – Significant accounting policies (continued)

Advertising (continued)

Amortization expense of \$72,880 and \$59,000 in 2019 and 2018, respectively is included in professional fees.

Net assets

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based upon the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions

Net assets that are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor or grantor-imposed restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions

Net assets that are subject to donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Donor imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Income and other taxes

The Internal Revenue Service has determined that the Food Bank is qualified as exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and has also determined that the Food Bank is publicly supported. As a result, no provision for federal or state income taxes has been made.

FASB ASC #740, *Income Taxes*, requires entities to disclose in their financial statements the nature of any uncertainties in their tax position. Tax years including the year ended December 31, 2016 and later are subject to examination by tax authorities. Areas that IRS and state authorities consider when examining tax returns of a charity include, but may not be limited to, tax-exempt status and the existence and amount of unrelated business income. The Food Bank does not believe that it has any uncertain tax positions with respect to these or other matters and has not recorded any unrecognized tax benefits or liability for penalties and interest.

The Food Bank is not aware of any circumstances or events that make it reasonably possible that tax benefits may increase or decrease within 12 months of the date of these financial statements.

Note A - Significant accounting policies (continued)

Donated services

The Foodbank has many volunteers who donate their time to the Foodbank's activities. It is the policy of the Foodbank not to record the value of these donated services since they do not meet the criteria of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) which state, "Contributions of services shall be recognized if the services received, 1) create or enhance nonfinancial assets; or 2) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation."

Adoption of a new accounting pronouncement

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-08, Not-for Profit Entities, Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made. This pronouncement intends to clarify and improve current accounting guidance to determine when a transaction should be accounted for as a contribution or as an exchange transaction and provides additional guidance about how to determine whether a contribution is conditional. The ASU is effective for the Organization for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Organization adopted this new pronouncement in its December 31, 2019 financial statements, applying retrospectively to all periods presented. The impact of applying the new guidance at December 31, 2019 was determined to be immaterial. Accordingly, no adjustment to beginning net assets was necessary.

New accounting pronouncement

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases". This update requires that lessees recognize assets and liabilities on the balance sheet for the right and obligations created by all leases with terms of more than 12 months. This update will also require disclosures designed to give financial statement users information on the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. These disclosures include both qualitative and quantitative information. The effective date for this update is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, with earlier adoption permitted. The Organization is still evaluating the impact this update will have on its financial position and results of operations.

Subsequent events

Subsequent events were evaluated through January 24, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note B - Liquidity and availability of financial assets

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the date of the Statement of Financial Position are outlined in the following table. These assets include operating cash, contract receivables and other receivables, not yet received.

		2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,908,067	\$ 1,951,073
Accounts receivable		19,649	37,837
Investments		2,564,117	1,713,496
Total	\$_	4,491,833	\$ 3,702,406

As part of the Food Bank's liquidity management plan, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. Excess funds are invested to earn interest. The Food Bank does have an available line of credit (Note D), but has not had cash shortfalls, and as such, has not needed access to additional cash.

Note C - Property and equipment

Property and equipment at December 31, 2019 and 2018 consisted of the following:

		2019		2018
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,034,975	\$	643,303
Office furniture and fixtures		43,768		43,768
Office equipment		189,746		183,546
Warehouse equipment		215,884		215,884
Vehicles	_	1,058,729		979,288
Total costs		2,543,102	_	2,065,789
Less accumulated depreciation	_	1,411,663		1,262,044
Net property and equipment	\$_	1,131,439	\$	803,745

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$149,619 and \$144,597, respectively.

Note D - Line of credit

The Food Bank has an unsecured line of credit with a bank which permits borrowings up to \$250,000 with interest at the bank's prime rate (4.75% at December 31, 2019). The Food Bank had no outstanding borrowings on its line of credit as of December 31, 2019 and 2018. Interest expense related to the line of credit was \$0 for both of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

Note E - Net assets

Net assets are comprised of net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions. The net assets without donor restrictions have not been designated by the Board of Directors for specific purposes.

Net assets with donor restrictions at December 31, 2019 and 2018 consisted of unspent funds for future program operations.

Note F – Concentrations

During the year ended December 31, 2019, two donors accounted for approximately 24% of food donations. During the year ended December 31, 2018, one donor accounted for approximately 15% of food donations.

Note G - Leases

During 2013, the Food Bank began leasing additional off-site warehouse storage on a month-to-month basis. Monthly rental payments are \$2,400 per month. The lessee is responsible for all utilities. Rental expense for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 was \$26,400 and \$27,493, respectively.

Note H - Retirement plan

Effective January 1, 2012, the Food Bank established a 401(k) defined contribution retirement plan, which covers substantially all employees. Eligible employees may defer a portion of their salaries to the plan. In addition, the Food Bank makes a discretionary contribution based upon years of service and Board recommendations. Employer contributions to the plan in 2019 and 2018 were \$13,185 and \$14,293, respectively.

Note I – Related party transactions

Second Harvest is a nonprofit management company that has been organized to share management and accounting functions among its members. It's membership consists of Toledo Northwestern Ohio Food Bank, Inc. and James C. Caldwell Community Center. Related party transactions consisted of the following:

- The Food Bank paid management fees of \$438,639 and \$346,584 to Second Harvest Community Services of Northwest Ohio (Second Harvest) for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Accounts receivable/loan receivable due from Second Harvest to the Food Bank was \$13,500 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- The Food Bank had accounts receivable/loan receivable of \$0 and \$250,950 due from the James C. Caldwell Community Center as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for various advances.

Note J - Investments

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, investments consisted of marketable securities managed by a third party brokerage firm. Each of these securities is stated at current market values. The change during the period in the aggregate market value of marketable securities held at the end of the period is reported as the appreciation or depreciation of investments. Investments consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, measured at quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (level 1):

		2019	2018
Mutual funds	\$	1,101,033	\$ 738,978
Closed end and exchange traded funds	_	1,463,084	974,518
Total investments	\$ _	2,564,117	\$ 1,713,496

Investment income for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 consisted of the following:

	_	2019	_	2018
Interest and dividends	\$	89,412	\$	54,842
Realized appreciation (depreciation)		18,871		(43,104)
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)		315,555		(186,900)
Total	\$ _	423,838	\$	(175,162)

Note K - Fair value measurements

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, (ASC 820) establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC 820 are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Food Bank has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets:
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Note K - Fair value measurements (continued)

If the assets or liability has a specified (contractual term), the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Food Bank's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2019 and 2018:

Assets at fair value as of December 31, 2019		Level 1
Investments – mutual funds	\$	1,101,033
Investments – close end and exchanged traded funds	\$	1,463,084
		· 11
Assets at fair value as of December 31, 2018	_	Level 1
Investments – mutual funds	\$	738,978
Investments – close end and exchanged traded funds	\$	974,518

Note L – Acquisition

The Food Bank acquired assets of the James C. Caldwell Community Center (the Center) on July 22, 2019 for cash of \$3,438 and exchange for the elimination of a receivable from the Center of \$271,512. Assets acquired include:

Building	\$	255,000
Personal property		19,950
	\$ _	274,950

The acquisition was to acquire more warehouse space for the Food Bank to use for inventory and supplies and to also expand the operations of the Food Bank. There was no contingent consideration in the purchase agreement.